

NOTIFIABLE CONDITIONS

for Health Care Providers



Report **Immediately any Suspected or Confirmed** Case of:

Animal Bites (when human exposure to rabies is suspected)	Measles (rubeola) acute disease only	Shiga toxin-producing <i>E. coli</i> infections (including but not limited to <i>E. coli</i> 0157:H7)
Anthrax	Meningococcal disease (invasive)	Smallpox
Botulism (foodborne, wound, and infant)	Monkeypox	Tuberculosis
<i>Burkholderia mallei</i> (Glanders) and <i>pseudomallei</i> (Meliodiosis)	Outbreaks of suspected foodborne origin	Tularemia
Cholera	Outbreaks of suspected waterborne origin	Vaccinia transmission
Diphtheria	Paralytic shellfish poisoning	Viral hemorrhagic fever
Disease of suspected bioterrorism origin	Plague	Yellow Fever
Domoic acid poisoning	Poliomyelitis	
<i>E. coli</i> —refer to Shiga toxin producing <i>E. coli</i>	Rabies (confirmed human or animal)	
Emerging condition with outbreak potential	Rabies, suspected human exposure	
<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> (invasive disease, children < 5)	Rubella (including congenital rubella syndrome) (acute disease only)	
Influenza, novel or untypable strain	SARS	

(360) 385-9400
 During business hours
1-360-415-2005 or 9-1-1
 Regional Duty Officer pager
 after hours & weekends

Report Within **24 Hours** any Case of:

Brucellosis (<i>Brucella</i> species)	Mumps (acute disease only)	Vancomycin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (not to include vancomycin intermediate)
Hantavirus pulmonary syndrome	Pertussis	Vibriosis
Hepatitis A—acute infection	Psittacosis	Yersiniosis
Hepatitis B, acute	Q Fever	Other rare diseases of public health significance
Hepatitis E (acute infection)	Relapsing fever (borreliosis)	Unexplained critical illness or death
Legionellosis	Salmonellosis	
Leptospirosis	Shigellosis	
Listeriosis		

Report Within **3 Days** any Case of:

Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) (including AIDS in persons previously reported with HIV infection)	Cryptosporidiosis	HIV infection
Arboviral Disease (West Nile virus disease, dengue, Eastern & Western equine encephalitis, St. Louis encephalitis, and Powassan)	Cyclosporiasis	Influenza-associated death (lab confirmed)
Campylobacteriosis	Giardiasis	Lyme disease
Chancroid	Gonorrhea	Lymphogranuloma venereum
<i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i> infection	Granuloma inguinale	Malaria
	Hepatitis B, surface antigen positive pregnant women	Prion disease
	Hepatitis C, acute	Syphilis (including congenital)
	Hepatitis D (acute and chronic infections)	Tetanus
	Herpes simplex, neonatal and genital (initial infection only)	Trichinosis
		Varicella-associated death

Report Within **1 Month** any Case of:

Hepatitis B—chronic (initial diagnosis only/previously unreported cases)
Hepatitis C—chronic (initial diagnosis only)

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 Effective Date 2-5-11

The following are notifiable to the Washington State Department of Health in accordance with WAC 246-101.

Report Immediately any suspected or Confirmed Case of:

Pesticide poisoning (hospitalized, fatal or cluster) 1-800-222-1222

Report Within 3 Days any Case of:

Pesticide poisoning (all other) 1-800-222-1222

Report Within 1 Month any Case of:

Asthma, occupational (suspected or confirmed) 1-888-66-SHARP
Birth Defects including: (360) 236-3492
 Alcohol related birth defects
 Autism spectrum disorder
 Cerebral palsy

Washington Administrative Code (WAC) 246-101

WAC 246-101-101 Notifiable conditions and the health care provider. This section describes the conditions that Washington's health care providers must notify public health authorities of on a statewide basis. The board finds that the conditions in the table below (Table HC-1) are notifiable for the prevention and control of communicable and noninfectious diseases and conditions in Washington. Principal health care providers shall notify public health authorities of these conditions as individual case reports using procedures described throughout this chapter. Other health care providers in attendance shall notify public health authorities of the following notifiable conditions, unless the condition notification has already been made. Local health officers may require additional conditions to be notifiable within the local health officer's jurisdiction.

WAC 246-101-005 Purpose of notifiable conditions reporting. The purpose of notifiable conditions reporting is to provide the information necessary for public health officials to protect the public's health by tracking communicable diseases and other conditions. These data are critical to local health departments and the departments of health and labor and industries in their efforts to prevent and control the spread of diseases and other conditions. Public health officials take steps to protect the public, based on these notifications. Treating persons already ill, providing preventive therapies for individuals who came into contact with infectious agents, investigating and halting outbreaks, and removing harmful health exposures are key ways public health officials protect the public. Public health workers also use these data to assess broader patterns, including historical trends and geographic clustering. By analyzing the broader picture, officials are able to take appropriate actions, including outbreak investigation, redirection of program activities, or policy development.

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